



What is Council Tax?

Council Tax is a tax local authorities charge to raise money to pay for their services.

Almost every household has to pay Council Tax, whether your home is a house, bungalow, flat, maisonette, mobile home or houseboat, and whether you own or rent it.

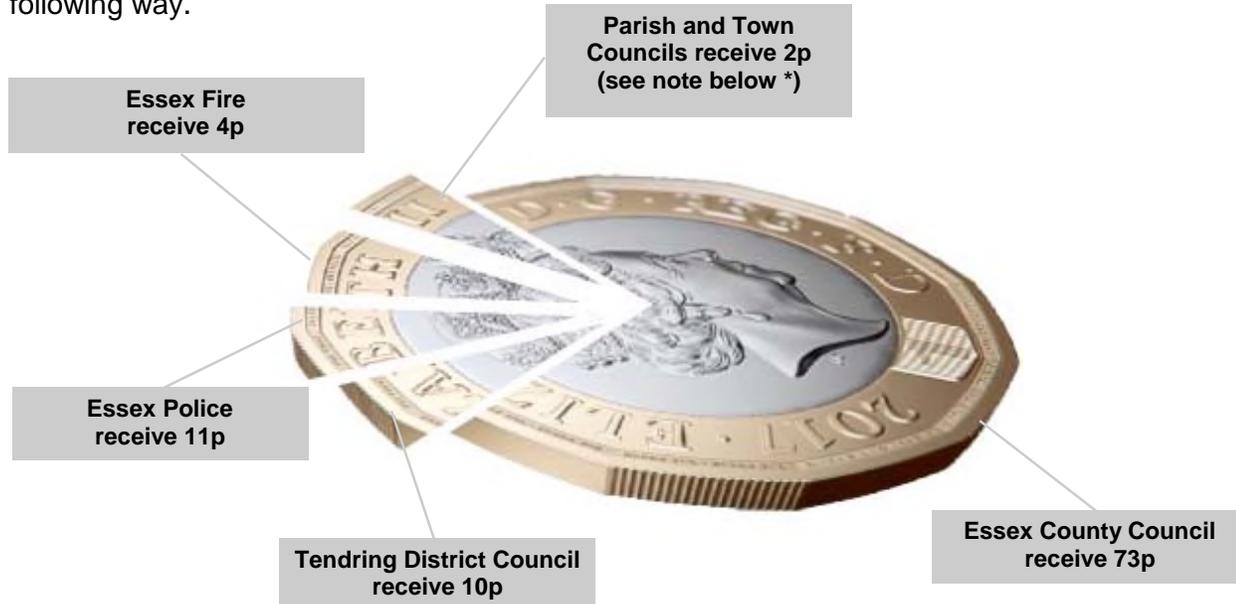
Each property is put into one of eight bands, depending on how much it was worth on 1 April 1991.

Your Council Tax bill shows the band your home is in.

We (Tendring District Council) collect your Council Tax and put it into a separate fund called the collection fund. We share this fund with Essex County Council, Essex Police, Essex Fire and the Parish and Town Councils.

Valuation band	Value of property on 1 April 1991
Band A	£40,000 or less
Band B	£40,001 to £52,000
Band C	£52,001 to £68,000
Band D	£68,001 to £88,000
Band E	£88,001 to £120,000
Band F	£120,001 to £160,000
Band G	£160,001 to £320,000
Band H	More than £320,000

This year we need to collect £83 million in Council Tax. Every £1 of Council Tax is shared in the following way.



- Essex County Council use Council Tax to pay for services such as social services, highways and libraries.
- We use Council Tax to help pay for services such as collecting rubbish, planning, leisure services and improving facilities for our community.

* These are averages across all the Parish and Town Councils.

Who has to pay Council Tax?

Council Tax is charged for every domestic dwelling in the country.

In most cases the person (or people) aged 18 or over nearest the top of the following list will be responsible for paying Council Tax:

- Owner-occupiers
- Leaseholders
- Tenants
- People who have a licence to occupy
- Residents with no legal interest in the property
- People who own the property but don't live in it.

People such as joint tenants and couples are jointly and severally liable for all the Council Tax for their dwelling.

Adult Social Care

In relation to the year beginning in 2017 and any subsequent year.

The Secretary of State for Communities and Local Government has made an offer to adult social care authorities. ("Adult social care authorities" are local authorities which have functions under Part 1 of the Care Act 2014, namely county councils in England, district councils for an area in England for which there is no county council, London borough councils, the Common Council of the City of London and the Council of the Isles of Scilly.)

The offer is the option of an adult social care authority being able to charge an additional "precept" on its council tax for financial years from the financial year beginning in 2016 without holding a referendum, to assist the authority in meeting expenditure on adult social care. Subject to the annual approval of the House of Commons, the Secretary of State intends to offer the option of charging this "precept" at an appropriate level in each financial year up to and including the financial year 2019-20.

How to pay

Information on various payment methods and your options for instalment plans is available on the back of your bill and on our website.

www.tendringdc.gov.uk/council-tax/pay

People with Disabilities

The Disabled Band Reduction scheme makes sure disabled people don't pay more Council Tax if they need a bigger property, or have adapted their home because of their disability.

You may qualify if your property has

- A room which is mainly used by a disabled resident and is essential, or of major importance to their welfare; or
- An extra bathroom or extra kitchen which is necessary to meet the needs of the disabled resident; or
- Enough floor space to use a wheelchair. The disabled resident must need to use their wheelchair indoors.

Empty Properties/Second Homes

There is usually a full charge for unoccupied properties, whether they are furnished or unfurnished. Some unoccupied properties can receive an exemption. Details about exemptions can be found later in this leaflet.

If Your Circumstances Change

If you claim a Council Tax discount, exemption or Local Council Tax Support, you must inform us immediately about any change in your circumstances which may affect your entitlement.

A £70 penalty notice will be issued to anyone who either fails to inform the Council within 21 days of any relevant change in circumstances or provides false information to obtain any Council Tax discount or exemption.

Discounts

A full Council Tax bill is based on at least two adults living in your home. You will get 25% off the bill for your main home if you live alone, or are the only person living in the property who is counted for Council Tax purposes.

These people are not counted for Council Tax:

- Children under 18
- People on some apprentice schemes
- 18 and 19 year olds in full-time education
- Full-time college and university students
- Young people under 25 who get funding from the Skills Funding Agency or Young Peoples Learning Agency
- Student nurses
- Foreign language assistants registered with the British Council
- People with a severe mental disability
- Live-in carers who look after someone who isn't their partner, spouse or child
- Diplomats
- Members of International Headquarters and Defence Organisations
- Members of religious communities
- People in prison or detained under the Mental Health Act.

Repairs or Alterations

A property may receive a 100% discount for up to 12 months if it requires or is undergoing structural alterations.

In case of repairs, a further 6 month discount can be granted after the works are completed, as long as the total duration of both discounts does not exceed 12 months and the property remains unfurnished and unoccupied.

Further details are available on our website:

www.tendringdc.gov.uk/council-tax/discounts

Reductions for Annexes

A 50% reduction in Council Tax applies for people living in annexes provided they are related to the person liable to pay Council Tax on the main dwelling.

The reduction also applies for people living in dwellings with annexes which are unoccupied provided they are using the annexe as part of their main residence.

Exemptions for Unoccupied Properties

- B. Unoccupied dwellings owned by charities - up to 6 months only
- D. Unoccupied because the taxpayer is in prison or detained under The Mental Health Act
- E. Unoccupied because the taxpayer has moved to a care home or hospital
- F. Unoccupied when the owner has died and the property has to be sold to clear the debts of the estate or the deceased did not leave a will. The exemption can only apply for up to 6 months after probate or letters of administration have been granted
- G. Occupation is prohibited by law
- H. Empty dwelling being held for a Minister of Religion
- I. Unoccupied by a person receiving care
- J. Unoccupied by a person providing care elsewhere
- K. Unoccupied by students
- L. Repossessed properties
- Q. Property left empty by a bankrupt
- R. Unoccupied caravan pitches and boat moorings
- T. Is part of a property that also includes another home and cannot be let separately due to planning restrictions.

Exemptions for Occupied Properties

- M. College/university halls of residence
- N. Property solely occupied by full time students
- O. Armed forces accommodation
- P. Visiting forces accommodation
- S. All occupants are aged under 18
- U. Property occupied solely by those who are severely mentally impaired
- V. Diplomats property
- W. Annex occupied by a dependant relative.

Local Council Tax Support (LCTS)

Local Council Tax Support is a reduction of your council tax bill based on:

- Your income
- The size of your family
- Other adults living with you
- The amount of Council Tax you have to pay

In general, the lower your income the more the bill can be reduced by Local Council Tax Support. Everyone of working age will have to pay at least 20% of their bill.

Other adults (non-dependants) who live with you may be expected to help you pay the Council tax. This means you may get less help from Local Council Tax Support.

The rules for Local Council Tax Support are different depending on whether you are:

- Working age
- Pension age

For more information about Local Council Tax Support, and to find out whether you are eligible please visit www.tendringdc.gov.uk

Your Local Authority may prosecute or impose a sanction if you give false information when applying for a Council Tax Reduction, or if you don't tell the Local Authority about a change in your circumstances which affects your award within 21 days of the change taking place.

In some cases the Local Authority may not prosecute you but may impose a sanction which could include asking you to pay a penalty.

The £70 fixed penalty is in addition to repaying any Council Tax Reduction you shouldn't have received.



**HELP US STAMP OUT
COUNCIL TAX
DISCOUNT FRAUD
AND
EXEMPTION
ABUSE**

Fraud

Not Every Person is Honest

Do you know of anyone who is currently trying to abuse the system by falsely claiming a Council Tax discount (including Local Council Tax Support) or an exemption?

Funding has been cut for the Council, but help us to prevent further cuts to **your** Council services by stopping those individuals who are not fully paying their way.

If you do have any suspicions contact us anonymously

Telephone on 0800 1697 004 or
E-mail fraud.hotline@tendringdc.gov.uk or
complete an online referral by visiting the Council's website on <https://www.tendringdc.gov.uk/benefits/fraud>

All the information you provide us with will be treated in the strictest confidence, and can be anonymous.

***Tendring District Council is
dedicated to tackling any form of
Fraud.***

WARNING — FRAUD

You will have to pay back any overpayment in all circumstances. If the Council feels a serious offence has been committed in relation to Local Council Tax Support you can be interviewed under caution. This could result in the Council prosecuting you or you being offered a caution or an Administrative Penalty (fined up to 50% of the original total overpayment).

How do I appeal?

Valuation appeals

If you think your home should be in a different valuation band, please contact the **Valuation Office Agency** (not us).

They can be contacted online at www.gov.uk/contact-voa or by telephone 03000501501. They will tell you your rights and how to appeal, if you are entitled to do so.

Other appeals

You can appeal to us if:

- you feel the property should be exempt from Council Tax
- you believe we have made a mistake working out your bill
- we have not given you a discount, or
- we have not reduced your bill because you or someone you live with has a disability.

If you think the decision is wrong you can:

1. Make an appeal in writing to Tendring District Council telling us why you think the decision is wrong. Making an appeal does not allow you to withhold payment of Council Tax.

2. If the Council cannot resolve your appeal or you do not get a reply within 2 months you may appeal to the Valuation Tribunal. You must do this within 2 months of the date of when the Council notified you of its decision or, if you have received no reply from us, within four months from the date of your initial appeal. You will need to fill in an appeal form. You can do this online at www.valuationtribunal.gov.uk.

If you appeal, you must continue to pay your Council Tax until your appeal is decided. If your appeal succeeds, we will give you back any Council Tax you have overpaid.

Privacy Notice

Privacy Notice - Tendring District Council is required by law to protect the public funds it administers. In order to meet this requirement, this will include sharing information internally and externally to prevent and detect fraud, improve the way it delivers services and for the purpose of performing its statutory obligations and enforcement duties. All personal information will be processed in accordance with current data protection legislation

Is your bill correct?

Please tell us about any changes in your circumstances, or if your billing details are wrong.

DO NOT IGNORE YOUR BILL - If you do not pay it and do not agree any other arrangement, we may take action against you which could increase the amount you have to pay.

Penalties

A £70 penalty notice will be issued to anyone who fails to inform the Council within 21 days of any relevant change of circumstances which affects entitlement to a discount, (including Local Council Tax Support) or exemption, or fails to reply to a request for information in relation to an entitlement to a discount (including Local Council Tax Support), or provides false information to obtain any Council Tax discount or exemption.

How we work out your Council Tax

The table shows how much we plan to spend on each of our main services.

We collect some of this money through Council Tax, but we have two other sources of income:

Revenue Support Grant and Business Rates.

The Government pays the Revenue Support Grant out of the taxes it collects.

We collect Business Rates and split them with the Government. 50% will go to the Government and the remaining 50% will be split as 40% for Tendring, 9% for Essex County Council and 1% for Essex Fire.

	Last Year (2018/19) £000	This Year (2019/20) £000	
General Council Costs	3,732	3,126	
Coastal Protection	2,767	2,677	
Collecting Local Taxes & Paying Council Tax Benefit	1,953	2,008	
Community Safety	276	293	
Environmental Health	4,512	4,829	
Highways, Roads & Transport	958	1,019	
Housing	73,969	73,742	
Leisure & Tourism	7,846	8,338	
Planning, Community Partnership & Renewal	4,942	5,454	
Refuse Collection & Recycling	3,362	3,652	
Other Services	(2,888)	(2,821)	
Gross Expenditure	101,429	102,317	
Parish/Town Council Precepts	1,698	1,874	
Less Income From:			
Grants & Contributions	(64,305)	(65,049)	
Rents/fees/charges/interest	(24,004)	(23,754)	
Net Expenditure	14,818	15,388	
Transfer from/to Reserves	782	43	
Parish/Town Council Precepts	(1,698)	(1,874)	
	13,902	13,557	
Revenue Support Grant and Business Rates	(5,648)	(4,892)	
Income from Collection Fund	(652)	(710)	
Council Tax Requirement *	7,602	7,955	
Average Council Tax for a property in band D* in Tendring District Council and the percentage change comparing last year and this year.	£162.64	£167.64	3.07%

* Excluding parish and town councils

Facing cost changes

The table below shows why our spending has changed. Government policies and the state of the national economy affect our spending in general, and also affect some particular services.

	£000
Money needed for 2018/19	13,902
Changes in spending on services	888
Changes in grants, fees and other charges	(494)
Changes to how we use savings and reserves	(739)
The amount we need to raise in 2019/20	13,557

How much do you have to pay?

We work out how much Council Tax we must collect by adding together the money each of the authorities need. The amount for Tendring District Council is split between General and Special Expenses. General Expenses are applied across the whole district and Special Expenses vary from area to area.

We work out how much Council Tax the properties in each valuation band should pay in line with the amount homes in band D will pay.

So, if your home is in band D, your Council Tax for this year will be £1,692.45 plus an amount you have to pay to your local Parish/Town Council for their precept and to Tendring District Council for Special Expenses (if applicable). The table below shows the Council Tax for a property in band D.

	Amount Needed £000	Council Tax for each property in Band D £
Tendring District Council - General Expenses	7,431	156.60
Essex County Council	60,289	1,270.44
Essex Fire	3,438	72.45
Essex Police	9,157	192.96
Total (excluding Parish/Town Councils and Special Expenses)	80,315	1,692.45

Council Tax amounts for each area in the district

This chart shows how much Council Tax you have to pay, depending on where you live and which valuation band your home is in.

	A £	B £	C £	D £	E £	F £	G £	H £
Unparished Area:								
Clacton	1,141.08	1,331.26	1,521.44	1,711.62	2,091.98	2,472.34	2,852.70	3,423.24
Parishes of:								
Alresford	1,197.81	1,397.44	1,597.08	1,796.71	2,195.98	2,595.25	2,994.52	3,593.42
Ardleigh	1,154.79	1,347.26	1,539.72	1,732.19	2,117.12	2,502.05	2,886.98	3,464.38
Beaumont-cum-Moze	1,149.19	1,340.73	1,532.26	1,723.79	2,106.85	2,489.92	2,872.98	3,447.58
Great Bentley	1,198.23	1,397.94	1,597.64	1,797.35	2,196.76	2,596.17	2,995.58	3,594.70
Little Bentley	1,147.07	1,338.24	1,529.42	1,720.60	2,102.96	2,485.31	2,867.67	3,441.20
Bradfield	1,215.35	1,417.90	1,620.46	1,823.02	2,228.14	2,633.25	3,038.37	3,646.04
Brightlingsea	1,168.71	1,363.49	1,558.28	1,753.06	2,142.63	2,532.20	2,921.77	3,506.12
Great Bromley	1,166.37	1,360.77	1,555.16	1,749.56	2,138.35	2,527.14	2,915.93	3,499.12
Little Bromley	1,139.58	1,329.51	1,519.44	1,709.37	2,089.23	2,469.09	2,848.95	3,418.74
Little Clacton	1,180.85	1,377.65	1,574.46	1,771.27	2,164.89	2,558.50	2,952.12	3,542.54
Elmstead	1,162.07	1,355.74	1,549.42	1,743.10	2,130.46	2,517.81	2,905.17	3,486.20
Frating	1,156.46	1,349.20	1,541.95	1,734.69	2,120.18	2,505.66	2,891.15	3,469.38
Frinton and Walton	1,184.67	1,382.11	1,579.56	1,777.00	2,171.89	2,566.78	2,961.67	3,554.00
Harwich	1,162.15	1,355.85	1,549.54	1,743.23	2,130.61	2,518.00	2,905.38	3,486.46
Lawford	1,167.97	1,362.63	1,557.29	1,751.95	2,141.27	2,530.59	2,919.92	3,503.90
Manningtree	1,151.24	1,343.11	1,534.99	1,726.86	2,110.61	2,494.35	2,878.10	3,453.72
Mistley	1,169.12	1,363.97	1,558.83	1,753.68	2,143.39	2,533.09	2,922.80	3,507.36
Great Oakley	1,167.77	1,362.39	1,557.02	1,751.65	2,140.91	2,530.16	2,919.42	3,503.30
Little Oakley	1,157.43	1,350.34	1,543.24	1,736.15	2,121.96	2,507.77	2,893.58	3,472.30
Ramsey and Parkeston	1,192.52	1,391.27	1,590.03	1,788.78	2,186.29	2,583.79	2,981.30	3,577.56
St Osyth	1,174.75	1,370.55	1,566.34	1,762.13	2,153.71	2,545.30	2,936.88	3,524.26
Tendring	1,158.59	1,351.68	1,544.78	1,737.88	2,124.08	2,510.27	2,896.47	3,475.76
Thorpe-le-Soken	1,169.20	1,364.07	1,558.93	1,753.80	2,143.53	2,533.27	2,923.00	3,507.60
Thorrington	1,157.55	1,350.47	1,543.40	1,736.32	2,122.17	2,508.02	2,893.87	3,472.64
Weeley	1,170.19	1,365.23	1,560.26	1,755.29	2,145.35	2,535.42	2,925.48	3,510.58
Wix	1,173.76	1,369.39	1,565.01	1,760.64	2,151.89	2,543.15	2,934.40	3,521.28
Wrabness	1,147.04	1,338.21	1,529.39	1,720.56	2,102.91	2,485.25	2,867.60	3,441.12

Parish and Town Council spending and special expenses

Parish/Town Council precepts: These are the extra amounts of money that these councils need to pay for things like footpaths and community centres. The Council pays the precepts requested to the Parish and Town Councils and recovers the cost by collecting an extra amount in the area. These are shown in the table below.

Special expenses: The cost of the Council's services throughout the whole district is spread across all Council Tax payers. However, some specific functions are also carried out by Parish/Town Councils in their own areas. These functions include maintaining recreation grounds, open spaces and children's play areas. The Council calculates how much it spends in each area on those functions, reduces the general Council Tax by this amount and then charges it directly to the area where the service has been provided.

For more information about the Council's spending, please contact the Accountancy Section on 01255 686534.

The table below shows Parish and Town Councils that spend more than £140,000 per annum.

	Last Year (2018/19)	This Year (2019/20)
	£000	£000
Frinton and Walton Town Council		
Recreation and Tourism	92	100
Police Community Support Officers	240	240
Other Services	93	187
Establishment	134	137
Less Income	(121)	(122)
Total	438	542
Harwich Town Council		
Recreation and Tourism	66	57
Police Community Support Officers	-	19
Economic Development	18	18
Establishment	134	134
Contribution from Reserve Fund	10	-
Less Income	(42)	(30)
Total	186	198
Brightlingsea Town Council		
Recreation and Tourism	232	251
Waterside Activities	7	7
Special Projects	6	6
Improvements	11	10
Establishment	96	127
Less Income	(186)	(228)
Total	166	173

Parish and Town Council spending and special expenses

	Amount each parish needs to raise in 2018/19 £	Amount each parish needs to raise in 2019/20 £	Parish part of the Council Tax for a Band D property 2019/20 £	Special Expenses at Band D 2019/20 £
Clacton (Unparished)				19.17
Parishes of:				
Alresford	74,551	76,089	104.26	
Ardleigh	34,182	36,390	39.74	
Beaumont-cum-Moze	3,929	3,971	31.34	
Great Bentley	83,420	88,262	104.90	
Little Bentley	2,977	2,967	28.15	
Bradfield	60,341	62,269	130.57	
Brightlingsea	166,104	172,729	60.61	
Great Bromley	21,574	21,829	57.11	
Little Bromley	1,662	1,685	16.92	
Little Clacton	74,657	77,862	78.82	
Elmstead	31,332	34,311	50.65	
Frating	8,784	8,913	42.24	
Frinton and Walton	437,690	541,822	69.07	15.48
Harwich	185,981	197,889	36.29	14.49
Lawford	77,638	87,539	56.44	3.06
Manningtree	16,313	17,407	51.78	(17.37)
Mistley	57,589	60,035	61.23	
Great Oakley	19,078	21,479	59.20	
Little Oakley	15,772	16,173	43.70	
Ramsey and Parkeston	64,589	68,153	96.33	
St Osyth	119,293	129,104	69.68	
Tendring	11,349	12,440	45.43	
Thorpe-le-Soken	41,554	44,924	61.35	
Thorrington	20,466	21,786	43.87	
Weeley	40,527	42,796	62.84	
Wix	20,655	19,476	68.19	
Wrabness	5,575	5,580	28.11	
TOTAL	1,697,582	1,873,880		

Essex County Council **Council Tax Information**

2019/20



Essex County Council

The County Council faces unprecedented challenges. In the last five years alone, we have seen our government funding fall by nearly 70%, while the demand for our services, driven by a growing and ageing population has accelerated. The Revenue Support Grant provided by central government will be reduced by £27m in 2019/20 and phased out completely by 2020/21 so our income will be derived from remaining specific grants, council tax, business rates, fees and charges and other trading revenues. Our responsibility to taxpayers demands a focus on the generation of discretionary revenues and through commercial opportunities. We will charge for services where appropriate and where there is a demand for them and an ability to pay.

We have an outstanding track record of delivering value to tax-paying residents. We have delivered **£311m** of savings in the last 4 years by improving value for money, generating income and reducing costs, and the 2019/20 is based on delivering a further **£60m** of savings and efficiencies. This track record has enabled the Council not only to maintain services in new and improved ways at lower cost, but also to invest in the future so that Essex thrives and continues to be a great place in which to live and work.

Despite our efforts, price increases, population growth and increasing demand for services, particularly for social care, means we will need to utilise the final **1%** Adult Social Care precept facility offered by government (total of 6% over

the three years from 2017/18), and increase general Council Tax by **2.99%**. The increases will not only contribute additional funds for 2019/20, but will also provide an increase to the council's base funding position going forward.

The council tax for a band D property will be **£1,270.44**; this is an increase of **94p** per household per week.

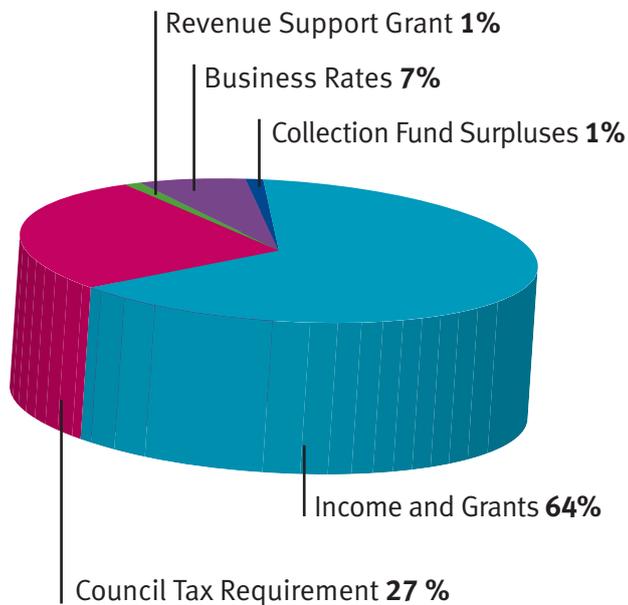
The 2019/20 budget sets out the financial resources that the Council has available to deliver the Organisation Plan and therefore achieve the Organisation Strategy. The Council will spend a gross budget (including schools) of **£2.5** billion and a capital programme of **£249m** to deliver our priorities in 2019/20.

Council tax charge by band							
Band	£	Band	£	Band	£	Band	£
A	846.96	B	988.12	C	1,129.28	D	1,270.44
E	1,552.76	F	1,835.08	G	2,117.40	H	2,540.88

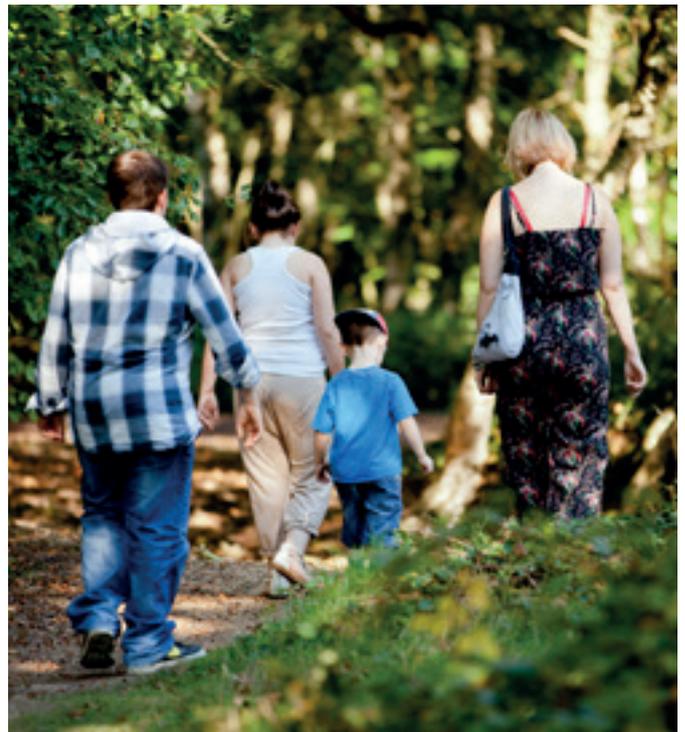
Financial Overview			
	2018/19 £m	2019/20 £m	Change £m
Total expenditure	1,850.6	2,464.0	613.4
Income, grants & use of general balance	(985.4)	(1,585.2)	(599.8)
Budget requirement	865.2	878.8	13.6
This is paid for by:			
Collection fund (surplus)/deficit	(9.4)	(8.7)	0.7
Business Rates & RSG	(220.2)	(198.8)	21.4
Council tax requirement	(635.6)	(671.3)	(35.7)
Total funding	(865.2)	(878.8)	(13.6)

Funding for services

Around 64% of the Council's funding in 2019/20 is from grants and other income such as fees and charges. The remaining funding comes from Revenue Support Grant of £18.3 million, Business Rates of £180.5 million and Council Tax of £671.3 million.



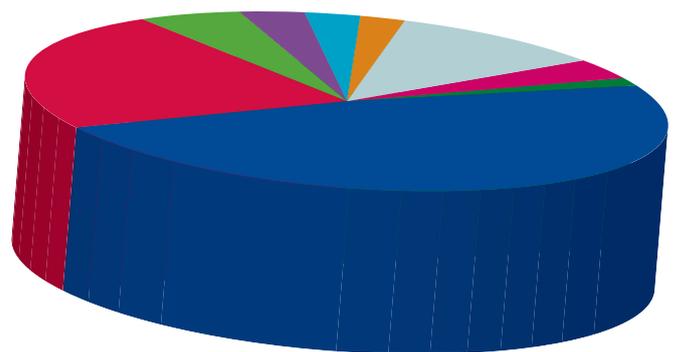
	£m
Income and Grants	1,585.2
Council Tax Requirement	671.3
Revenue Support Grant	18.3
Business Rates	180.5
Collection Fund Surplus	8.7



Expenditure on services

The Council has committed to spending:

- £1,244 million on Education and Skills
- £596 million on services supporting vulnerable adults
- £142 million on services supporting vulnerable children and families



	£m
Education and Skills	1,244
Adult Social Care	596
Children and Families	142
Environment and Waste	88
Public Health	67
Infrastructure	61
Other	266

This is how much we spend per day on some of the services we provide to the general public.

<p>Schools</p>  <p>£2,830,696</p>	<p>Adult Social Care</p>  <p>£1,632,875</p>	<p>Children Services</p>  <p>£342,110</p>	<p>Early Years & Child Care</p>  <p>£252,984</p>
<p>Environment & Waste</p>  <p>£228,359</p>	<p>Public Health</p>  <p>£182,372</p>	<p>Infrastructure</p>  <p>£168,280</p>	<p>Library Services</p>  <p>£38,541</p>
<p>Economic Development</p>  <p>£17,472</p>	<p>Coroners Services</p>  <p>£9,873</p>	<p>Country Parks</p>  <p>£7,373</p>	<p>Registrar Services</p>  <p>£6,304</p>

Capital investment

In addition to our revenue budget, we need to ensure effective services not just for today, but for the future. Therefore we have ambitious plans for our capital investment – a capital programme of **£249m** for 2019/20. This investment will help deliver our strategic aims and priorities, providing benefit to our communities and in some cases give us a cashable return on investment. The programme includes investment in independent living schemes for older and vulnerable adults, generating greater supply of housing, sufficiency of school places (including schools for children with special needs), and in schemes to promote economic growth, including improvements to the roads and footpaths that we all use daily.

This information is issued by:
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this document can be translated,
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formats, on request.

Published March 2019.

ESSEX POLICE AND ESSEX COUNTY FIRE & RESCUE SERVICE PRECEPTS 2019/2020



Investing in more local, visible and accessible policing by: funding the recruitment of up to 215 additional officers, bringing police officer numbers to over 3,200 by March 2020.



Essex County
Fire & Rescue Service

Helping to keep you safe by investing in: sprinkler initiatives for vulnerable communities, improvements to operational training and the recruitment and retention of firefighters.



Hello,

At the end of last year we carried out a public survey and more than 71 per cent of you who responded said you would be prepared to invest more in policing to help improve the service provided. 73 per cent of these positive respondents said they would be prepared to pay at least £20 a year more and 48 per cent said at least £25 more. In the light of that and following detailed discussions with the Chief Constable, I am increasing the policing element of the Council Tax by £24 a year for the average household, the maximum permitted by government without a referendum. This will mean that the average Band D property will pay £192.96 for policing in a year, an increase of £2 per month. The current levy is £169.02 per year.

I also set the budget for the Essex County Fire and Rescue Service. Based on detailed discussions with the Chief Fire Officer/Chief Executive, I am going to increase the precept by roughly the rate of inflation or 2.94 per cent. This will be equivalent to an increase of £2.07 a year resulting in a rise from £70.38 to £72.45 for a Band D Council Tax property.

Our budgets this year contain an ambitious set of measures to improve policing across our county and get ahead of the increase in crime and disorder that we have seen; they will also underpin the effectiveness of our fire and rescue service. Any increase in tax has an impact and I do not take the decision to increase precepts for both police and fire and rescue services lightly. However, I have heard the feedback from the public about the improvements we need to make and this money will make a real difference.

The total budget for Essex Police is £300.5 million. £175.8 million is from central government taxes and £124.6 million is drawn from local taxation.

Essex County Fire and Rescue Service's total budget is £73.8 million with £46.9 million coming from Council Tax and £24.5 million from central government taxes with the balance being drawn from the service's more than adequate reserves.

Last year the increase in the policing element of the Council Tax led to 150 additional officers joining Essex Police. These officers have been recruited, trained and are arriving in your communities now.

People across the county have been telling me that they want more policing and that they are prepared to pay more to have it. This year's budget will enable the Chief Constable to recruit up to 215 additional police officers, bringing numbers to over 3,200 by March next year which will get Essex Police near where it needs to be to deal with the level of demand we are seeing.



Roger Hirst - your Police, Fire and Crime Commissioner

ESSEX POLICE

£300.5m
TOTAL BUDGET

£175.9m
FROM CENTRAL
GOVERNMENT TAX

£124.6m
FROM LOCAL
TAXATION

This extra investment means: Up to 215 additional police officers on top of the 150 recruited this year, as well as 32 operational police staff and 18 police support staff.



NEW

68
TOWN CENTRE
POLICING

50
LOCAL
POLICING



21
ROAD
POLICING

20
WORKING WITH
CHILDREN & YOUNG
PEOPLE



20
CRIME & PUBLIC
PROTECTION
COMMAND

20
DEALING WITH
GANGS, VIOLENCE &
VULNERABILITY

7
GYPSY, TRAVELLER &
RURAL ENGAGEMENT

6
SERIOUS CRIME
DIRECTORATE

NEW

3
DEDICATED BUSINESS
CRIME TEAM

ESSEX COUNTY FIRE & RESCUE SERVICE



£73.8m
TOTAL BUDGET

£24.5m
FROM CENTRAL
GOVERNMENT TAX

£49.3m
FROM LOCAL TAXATION &
INTERNAL RESERVES

Extra investment:

£400,000
TO SUPPORT
RECRUITMENT &
RETENTION OF
FIREFIGHTERS



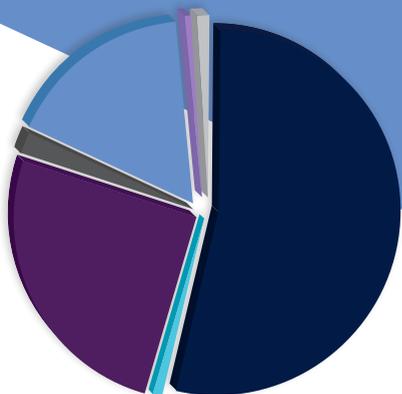
£372,000
ON SPRINKLER
INITIATIVES IN
VULNERABLE
COMMUNITIES



£600,000
TO SUPPORT
IMPROVEMENTS
TO OPERATIONAL
TRAINING

Expenditure Budgets (£000s) 2019-2020

ESSEX POLICE



Police Officer pay & allowance	174,987
PCSO Staff pay & allowances	2,951
Police Staff pay & allowances	83,030
Other employees expenses	6,345
Premises, transport, supplies & services	54,065
Office of the PFCC	1,307
Commissioning grants	3,378
Gross Police & Crime Expenditure	326,063
<i>Income</i>	<i>(25,058)</i>
<i>Contribution from Reserve</i>	<i>(527)</i>
Net-cost of service	300,478



ESSEX COUNTY FIRE & RESCUE SERVICE

Firefighter pay	37,427
Control and support staff	15,388
Enabling services	2,196
Premises and equipment	10,464
Capital financing charges	6,493
Other costs	5,617
Gross Fire & Rescue Expenditure	77,585
<i>Operational grants & income</i>	<i>(3,788)</i>
Net-cost of service	73,797

